

PRICE ONE CENT

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EXTRA LAST EDITION.

MR. BLAINE ROBBED

His House at Augusta Re-tacked by a Thief.

Political and Business Papers Overhauled and Abstracted.

The Robbery Kept Quiet in the Hope of Discovering the Thief-The Burglary Supposed to Have Been Perpetrated in the Hope of Obtaining Papers to Injure Mr. Blaine Politically.

(SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.)
AUGUSTA, Me., May 28.—During a conversation with one of Mr. Blaine's personal political friends last Saturday he gave The Evening World reporter a piece of news which has never been made public.

"Did you know," remarked the gentleman, "that Mr. Blaine's house was broken into some time ago while he and his family were absent, and all his political and business correspondence and private papers, involving financial operations, which were in his library, were overhauled, and a portion of them abstracted?"

"Well, such is the fact. The matter has always been kept a secret in the hope that the thief might be discovered; but he never has been, at least I never heard of him."

"I don't think that anybody in particular was ever suspected of being the thief. The supposition is, that the robbery was perpetrated in the expectation of obtaining some thing among Mr. Blaine's private papers which might be used to his political injury if ever wanted."

I never learned the character of the papers stolen. When the robbery was discovered the floor of the library was found to be littered with letters and papers which had evidently been carefully examined. Every drawer was found to have been ransacked and its contents either disturbed or dumped upon the floor.

I never heard that the thief carried off any political letters which would hurt Mr. Blaine. Neither do I believe that any record of his financial transactions was carried off, but it is possible that some of his political enemies, which was undoubtedly the motive which prompted the robbery."

This is the substance of the information furnished by the Augusta World man, and nothing more in relation to the matter could be elicited. The gentleman who gave it occupies a high professional position and is a great admirer of Mr. Blaine.

ATTACKED A NEW-BORN BABE.

Dr. Galvin Is Badly Bitten While Defending Mrs. Hurd's Infant from a Mastiff.

(SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.)
BOSTON, May 28.—At 8.30 o'clock Saturday night Dr. Dixon, of Boylston street, was summoned to attend a case at No. 61 Beach street. Mrs. Hurd was the patient. Directly that Dr. Dixon arrived he called for the assistance of Dr. George W. Galvin. The doctors entered Mrs. Hurd, and she was delivered of a boy child.

During the proceedings of the surgeons the latter were unmindful of the presence of a big mastiff which lay, apparently sleeping, in one corner of the room.

The dog soon arose, however, and, after sniffing about for a moment, sprang for the new-born babe. Dr. Galvin jumped to the rescue, and the infuriated dog sank his fangs clear through the doctor's wrist. The doctor shook him off, but he returned to the attack and buried his teeth in the doctor's thigh.

Dr. Galvin was badly hurt, but his first thought was to finish the mastiff effectually, and he grasped the animal by the throat, choked him, as he supposed, to death.

Then, with the assistance of the horrified Dr. Dixon, the body was cast into the street. Dr. Galvin immediately went to the United States Hotel, where his wounds were cauterized by Dr. A. Watts.

While talking with Mr. Watts, one of the latter's employees came to the hotel and summoned him, inquiring of whose dog that was. Dr. Galvin and Dr. Watts both went to the door and Galvin recognized the dog as the one with whom he had the terrible battle.

"This dog," said Dr. Watts's man, "is the one that rushed into Mr. Levy's store, on Washington street, opposite the Continental clothing store, and cleared the place entirely out. They all supposed he was mad."

A careful examination by Dr. Watts showed that the dog had no traces of hydrophobia, but it was thought best to put him beyond the possibility of doing further harm.

Police Court Justice

will to-day be subjected to the scrutiny of the Rev. Dr. Robert B. MacArthur, the prominent Baptist divine. He will report his observations for to-morrow morning's World.

Steamer Maritimes Hauled Off.

(SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.)
BOSTON, May 28.—The British steamer Maritimes, from Liverpool, went ashore on George's Island, Boston Harbor, she was hauled off at 9.30 this morning.

When fragile woman signs, depicting The charming and lovely girl, who, with power, the bloom of health restoring, Can check the progress of decay? The only aid man's weakness could find, For pain and all its such description, Thousands of women stand in need of The "Fragrant" FAVORITE.

The price of this fragrant remedy, Dr. FAVORITE'S FAVORITE, is but 25 cents for all the medicine that will cure you of all the most distressing ailments, such as Catarrh, Leucorrhoea, and all the other diseases of the female system. The only medicine that will cure you of all the most distressing ailments, such as Catarrh, Leucorrhoea, and all the other diseases of the female system. The only medicine that will cure you of all the most distressing ailments, such as Catarrh, Leucorrhoea, and all the other diseases of the female system.

MR. POWDERLY AND ASSEMBLY 49.

The General Master Workman's Decision to Be Given on Friday Evening.

Contrary to expectation, yesterday's meeting of District Assembly 49 was most peaceful.

General Master Workman Powderly was present, but did not preside. Nor did he demand the charter from Mr. Quinn. He heard the statements of both sides in the difficulty and reserved his decision until Friday evening, when it will be rendered at a special meeting.

OVERWORKED GROCERY CLERKS.

Their Demands Are Moderate and Might Easily Be Granted.

(To the Editor of The Evening World.)

You have always been with the workers in their just demands, and I am glad to see you take up the cause of the grocery clerks. Their demands are very modest—to close at 8 every night with the exception of Saturday. With your aid we will be successful yet. Any clerk wanting shorter hours please communicate with M. J. CASARIV, 862 Tenth avenue.

Where the Blame Partly Rests.

(To the Editor of The Evening World.)

After having so successfully coped with the Half-Holiday bill, don't you think it would be a greater act of charity and at the same time equally deserving of credit and praise if you tried to help along the cause of the overworked grocers and butcher clerks?

They work from fourteen to sixteen hours a day and eighteen hours on Saturday, and in many cases on Sunday morning until 12 o'clock, and never have one day to themselves in the entire year. Strange, though, never heard of the very people who are continually clamoring for this half holiday are the same ones who compel our employers to keep their places of business open until all hours to accommodate them.

As a rule, the people who are benefited by this law actually work but one half the time we do, get better pay, and are still the very people who stand in our way (perhaps unconsciously).

An Employer Who Is Willing to Close.

(To the Editor of The Evening World.)

I think your move to close up grocery stores at 8 o'clock evenings is a very good one. It would benefit the bosses as well as clerks. I keep a grocery at 207 Third avenue, Harlem. I open at 9.30 in the morning. It is a treat to be able to sign an agreement to close at 8 p. m., giving myself as well as my help the much-needed rest.

If the closing can be made universal it would be a great benefit. If not, then it cannot be carried out. Respectfully, I. POPPER, 207 Third avenue.

Employer and Employees Compromise.

(To the Editor of The Evening World.)

FIREWORKS, May 28.—The employees of the National Tube Works, and also of the Singer, Nimitz & Co.'s works, have accepted the "compromise" reduction of 8 per cent. The original plan was to reduce wages 10 per cent.

Under Notes.

The Clothing Trades Union will meet to-night. The Central Labor Union occupied most of its time yesterday in discussing the brewer's lockout.

The Coppermiths' Union has been admitted to the Central Labor Union, and will send delegates to the Metal Workers' Convention.

The street railway men have cancelled their engagement of Jones's Wood for the picnic, and will take a steamboat excursion. The Central Labor Union is charged by the Workingmen's Association with causing the defeat of the bill providing for the appointment of jury inspectors.

The New York Wood-Carvers' Union and the Plasterers Association of Wood-Carvers have been expelled from the Central Labor Union for refusing to sign a no-strike pledge.

Next Saturday afternoon and evening the United Progressive Carpet Workers will hold their picnic at Lion Park. The young ladies connected with the latter not to work for less than \$5 in the buildings, under pain of expulsion.

THE CUSTOM-HOUSE TROUBLES.

Continuation of the Investigation by the Senate Committee To-Day.

When the Custom-House civil-service investigation was resumed this morning the court-room was crowded with witnesses, now and then by the Civil-Service Reform Association.

Among them were Welgiers J. W. O'Brien, George Jardine, Peter Rafferty, James McGee and J. K. Murphy; Inspectors M. H. Whalen, Walter B. Byrnes, Richard Barry, William B. Miller, W. H. Holton, J. W. Camp, H. Comstock, R. Waterbury, William Harnden, Daniel Martin, Henry Beardsley, A. R. McCoy and W. W. Fenfield.

Ex-Congressman E. M. Mallard, of Birmingham, was first called. He is a Republican, and Senator Spooner sought to show by him that the new \$50,000 customs building in Birmingham was a disadvantageously located on ground in which Col. Davis, the leader of the Administration party, had an interest. Mr. Mallard thought the site was not as good as it might have been.

The Board of Trade protested against it, and recommended another. Witness didn't know of any corrupt influence brought to bear on the choice of the site, however, and did not believe there was any.

The site chosen cost but \$15,000, while the other would have cost \$40,000.

The Questions.

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